

Background and Purpose

14.2%

of healthcare providers ask patients about sexual health

Students think It's important, but they are... unprepared

Patients expect Healthcare providers to start the conversation

Could brief but evidence-based educational interventions improve students' self-perceived readiness?

References

- 1. McGrath M, Low MA, Power E, McCluskey A, Lever S. Addressing sexuality among people living with chronic disease and disability: A systematic mixed methods review of knowledge, attitudes, and practices of health care professionals. Arch Phys Med Rehabil. 2021;102(5):99-1010.
- 2. Areskoug-Josefsson K, Sjökvist M, Bülow PH, Rolander B. Psychometrics of the students' attitudes towards addressing sexual health scale for students in social work. Social Work Education. 2019;38(7):925-940.

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Short on time? Two hours can improve students' readiness to address sexual health in clinical practice

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Data Analysis

Repeated Measures Analysis, 3 Timepoints

- Mixed Effects Linear Model
- Random Intercept (Within-Subject Correlation)

Least Squares Means for Each Timepoint

Results

Students' Attitudes Towards Addressing Sexual Health Questionnaire Scores



Post-Educational Intervention

Post-Clinical

Conclusions

1. The brief educational produced meaningful shifts in students' self-perceived readiness to discuss sexual health, indicating that meaningful change is possible without significant disruptions to the curriculum. 2. This interdisciplinary intervention may have broader implications for health professions education